Report

of

The Margaret Williamson Hospital

Shanghai, China

1922
Nurses Home—now under construction

†New Clinic—to commence building 1933
Margaret Williamson Hospital

SHANGHAI, CHINA

REPORT for 1922

WOMEN'S CO-OPERATING FOREIGN MISSION BOARDS

Woman's Union
Methodist Episcopal South
American Baptist
June 1885 three Chinese women were added to the staff. Not one of them had ever been in a hospital, and one had not even a foreign house. These were the days of beginning but God was with us and what more could we ask?
BOARD OF DIRECTORS

American Section

Officers

Chairman: Mrs. Henry W. Peabody, Beverly, Mass.
Secretary: Mrs. Julia H. Bronson, 67 Bible House, New York City N.Y.
Treasurer: Mrs. Geo. W. Doane, 176 Charlton Ave., South Orange, N. J.

China Section

Officers

Chairman: Mrs. Frank Ufford, Shaohing, Che.
Vice-chairman: Mrs. Ching C. Chen, Baptist College, Shanghai
Secretary: Miss Elizabeth Irvine, 39 Arsenal Road, Shanghai
Treasurer: Miss Mildred Bomar, 2 Young Allen Court, Shanghai

Members

Mrs. Herman Barlow, Shaohing
Mrs. Ching C. Chen, Baptist College, Shanghai
Dr. Margaret Polk, 110 Range Road, Shanghai
Dr. Ah Me Wong, 127 Range Road, Shanghai
Miss Mary Irvine, 39 Arsenal Road, Shanghai
Mrs. Julia Wood Partch, M.D., South Gate, Shanghai
Mrs. W.W. Peter, M.D., 126 Dixwell Road, Shanghai
Miss Vong Pau Sze, 21 Hankow Road, Shanghai
Miss Susie Wang, 2 Timpo Terrace, Shanghai
Harriet F. Love, M.D. (Ex Officio) Margaret Williamson Hospital Shanghai
HOSPITAL STAFF 1922

Harriet F. Love, M.D., Superintendent of Hospital.
Obstetrics (Jan.-Sept.)

Josephine Lawney, M.D. Treasurer of Hospital. Internal Medicine.

Clara B. Whitemore, M.D. Obstetrics (On furlough)

Louise Ingersoll, M.D. Oto-laryngology.

Ethel Polk-Peters, M.D. Surgery and Gynecology.

Florence E. Kraker, M.D. Visiting obstetrician for one year.

Professor of Clinical Obstetrics, Woman’s Medical College of Pa.

Frances King, M.D. Language Study.

Susan W. Brown, M.D. Language Study.

Mary Irvine, Evangelist.

Elizabeth Irvine, Teacher of Bible, Nurse Training School.

Fong Lieu Tsung, D.D.S.

Mary A. Hood, R.N. Superintendent of Nurse Training School.

Alma Pitts, R.N. Supervisor of Operating Department.

Elizabeth Pollock, R.N. Supervisor of Maternity Department.

Lucille M. Van, M.D. Oto-laryngology; ophthalmology.

(Service began October 1922)

Yang Sin Fang, M.D. Intern 1921-22. Resident September 1922

Wu Jung Lieu, M.D. Intern 1921-22

Chu Chang Ya, M.D. Intern 1921-22

Hsui Ding Gie, M.D. Service began October 1922

Bess Lipscomb, Laboratory Technician. Service began October 1922.

James H. Dzung, Asistant Business Manager.

Chen Kyung Ping, Druggist.

Loo Kyung Wo, Assistant Druggist.

Wei Ai Lin, N.A.C., Head Nurse

Tsu Zok Jung, Record Clerk

Zung Chau Ling, Hospital Assistant.

Tai Ta Ta, Bible Woman. Service began in 1884.

Zau Ta Ta, Bible Woman.

Moo Nyang Nyang, Bible Woman.

Zau E. Kyoen, Bible Woman.

Dzung Yong Tzung, Bible Woman.

Koo Fong Kyoen, Bible Woman.

Hsui Nyang Nyang, Bible Woman.

Waung Hyau Doong, Telephone Operator.
IN MEMORIAM

Dr. Elizabeth Reifsnyder (January 17, 1858-February 3, 1922) founder of this hospital; a pioneer missionary; a skilled surgeon and physician; an understanding loving friend of the Chinese; a devoted, untiring, self-sacrificing worker; a resourceful, strong, capable character; a loyal follower of The Great Physician.
DR. ELIZABETH REIFSYNDER

Dr. Reifsynder graduated in 1881 from The Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania. After serving an internship in one of the leading Philadelphia Hospitals, she offered herself to the Woman's Union Missionary Society for the foreign field. "You are too young," officials of the society told her. But she met their objection in a characteristic way when she replied, "Time will remedy that." In September 1883 she landed in Shanghai, and for thirty-one years gave herself in devoted service to the Chinese people who gratefully appreciated her interesting personality and her efficiency as both physician and surgeon.

The First Dispensary

In March 1884 a two-roomed native house in the Chinese City, a quarter of a mile from the West Gate, was offered through the kindness of the mother of Bishop Lambuth, where dispensary work was begun. Dr. Reifsynder writes of those days.—"Of course, the waiting room (one of the two rooms) was to be also the place where Mrs. Tai (still a Bible Woman in Hospital 1922) would preach the Gospel, and, as she could speak a little English, she would have to interpret at times also. Her first and foremost duty and pleasure was to tell the story of the "Great Physician" and of his love for all men, women and children. Mrs. Tai was of that willing kind that filled in anywhere, and she loved to help with the distribution of medicines, and nothing was ever too much trouble for her to do."

"There were registered during the year 1884, 1,289 patients, 287 visits were made, and over 3000 prescriptions filled." She writes in 1915—"As I look back over the years I see Mrs. Tai, Miss McKechnie, Mrs. (Archdeacon) Thompson, and myself trudging back and forth between the Bridgeman House and the West Gate, and from the West Gate to the Dispensary; we had over a half mile to walk. We never went or came with empty hands; hearts and hands were full. It was really and truly our whole hearts, our whole minds, and our whole strength, given up in this service for the Master. Those were happy days!"

Again in 1884, "All through the Summer, Fall and Winter patients were seen three times a week at the dispensary in the native city, and not only there, but having found out where the doctor lived, they came as well to the Bridgeman Home, and it
was quite usual to have a number present at morning prayers, so as to see the doctor immediately afterwards. My knowledge gained in the drug room while an interne in the hospital in Philadelphia was passed on to Miss McKechnie, and what an apt pupil she was."

Again in 1885 she writes;—"The Spring of 1885 was a wonderfully busy one. Not only were the patients increasing in numbers, some afternoons over 100 at the dispensary, but demands came from the homes for the "foreign woman doctor," and wishing to meet the people in this way, visits were gladly made." She was called in the night to see a woman in distress. She had to go seventeen miles in a wheel barrow over dreadful roads and came back exhausted. The next day a messenger came flying to the city to fetch her again, and though she groaned, she got on her wheelbarrow and took relief to one of the needy ones of China's millions.

**Founded Hospital**

In June 1885 she opened a modern Hospital, The Margaret Williamson Hospital, near the West Gate. Anyone who has resided some time in China can not fail to appreciate what it must have cost Dr. Reifsynder of labor, patience, perseverance and executive effort to accomplish all this in one year, in addition to acquiring the language without present day helps and carrying on at the same time an ever increasing practise, often seeing as many as one hundred patients a day.

The work begun in a two room hut developed into four large buildings. The separate up-to-date maternity building was the first one in China. The first endowed bed in this maternity was given by a Chinese gentleman in memory of his wife, who was one of Dr. Reifsynder's first assistants.

**Religious Work**

Eight o'clock in the morning through all the years of her service found the doctor in her place in the Hospital Chapel, conducting prayers with the nurses, servants and as many patients as could manage to be brought there. Equally note worthy was her regular attendance at the Chinese Church services. For many years she kept up her Sunday School class at the church and a Friday afternoon Bible class for the nurses.

**A Versatile Character**

Aside from her busy life and all the daily routine she somehow found much time for reading and writing. A good stock of the best up-to-date literature was always found on her table. She had to train all of her own dispensers, nurses and other assistants; and
Only Living Members of the Original Staff.
(From left to right) Tsang Ta Ta, Mrs. Thompson, Tai Ta Ta
they gave her the most loyal and enthusiastic support in the work. During most of her missionary service she was supported by an able staff of foreign colleagues who contributed much to the success of the work. Her professional skill was very widely recognized and extended the reputation of the hospital throughout the whole of China. One at least of her operations received world-wide recognition and was made a matter of record in a permanent contribution to the history of surgery. Her work found much favor among the Chinese people. This was shown by Chinese friends on their own initiative opening subscriptions to raise money for the purchase of more land and to assist financially in restoring the first building when destroyed by fire in 1898.

Dr. Reifsnyder was a worthy representative of the very best in missionary life. She was a woman of strong character, resourceful and unusually capable, with the ability of attracting to herself friends of varied temperaments. She possessed a strong religious nature and with it a saving sense of humor, both of which helped to carry her through the many trials and perplexities of a busy life.

She had a wonderful command of the Chinese language, which enabled her to really know the Chinese people. She was a widely read woman, and through her contact with different peoples and countries developed a catholic spirit of love and sympathy with all who were in any way laboring to benefit mankind and bring in the Kingdom of God.

The Society that sent her to China paid the following tribute to her—“Dr. Reifsnyder was sent out in 1883 as our first medical missionary; and to her skill as a physician and surgeon, her devotion to the Chinese people, and her executive ability and untiring work for many years is largely due the success of the hospital.”

The present staff of the hospital are humbled and awed with the responsibility and privilege of taking up the burden that she and others carried and laid down. We honor her memory. We praise her as a pioneer, as skilled in her profession, as self-sacrificing and devoted and capable and talented, as an honor to womanhood and as a friend to all those who came within her loving ministry. As a monument to her and those who labored with her, we would carry on in the same spirit of our Master and Lord Whom she loved and served.
Throughout the year the capacity of the hospital has been taxed. No one needing treatment has been turned away because of lack of funds to pay the ward prices of thirty cents a day; but many with funds to pay would not enter because of no empty private rooms. Thus not only was there loss of patronage but also a loss of income. This has been particularly true in the medical and surgical departments where there have been only two private rooms available.

Seven private rooms will be added to the capacity of the hospital when the nurse training school moves into its new dormitory, now under construction.

The hospital (See Treasurer’s Report) has lived within its income from fees and local gifts; but much needed equipment has not been bought. Efficiency has been increased by the installation of a telephone system. The increase in number of nurses has provided better care of the patients. The dispensary patients are receiving better service by the addition of more special clinics.—pre-post natal and eye. The clinics now number seven: surgery, medicine, dentistry, oto-laryngology, opthamology, gynecology, and pre-post natal. The first three are daily; the fourth and fifth three times a week; the sixth twice a week; and the last once a week. Twice a week there are also special vaccination clinics. It has been difficult to properly care for so many clinics in a few rooms. There is great need for a dispensary building.

June 1922 saw the ground broken for the new nurses’ dormitory, a three story building, that will provide accommodations for all the Chinese workers. Its expected completion in March 1923 will solve many of the hospital’s problems and difficulties. The hospital capacity for in-patients will be increased. A room for the long expected and desired nursery in the Maternity will be available. The women servants will occupy some of the space vacated by the nurses. The men servants will move into rooms left by the women servants. The space abandoned by men servants will be used as a drying room for the laundry. The one small room used as a class room for nurses will become an office. Another vacated room will become a general sitting room and library for the hospital staff.

There is need of an artesian well so that a hospital located in the New York of China may have running water all the day and night. At present the delinquencies of the Chinese system of water works necessitate daily the running of water to second and third floors on two legs often supported by little bound feet.

Water is not the only thing around the hospital propelled by feet. A wonderful ambulance, pushed at stern, pulled at bow...
Evangelists
humps along through “New York’s” streets, violating all speed laws at the rate of one mile an hour,—casually rolling a prospective ruptured appendix or an imminent prospective mother.

In addition to the need for an artesian well, additions to equipment, an X-ray, and a motor ambulance, the hospital’s most glaring needs are for a building containing private rooms for medical and surgical cases, tubercular wards and children’s wards, and a dispensary building.

The evangelistic work (See report elsewhere) in the dispensary, wards, private rooms and homes has been carried on faithfully with much prayer and faith by Miss Mary Irvine and the Bible women.

A Chinese Home Missionary Society, too, with its members from among nurses, doctors and servants, has permeated its enthusiasm and devotion through the hospital.

The hospital in addition to the ordinary medical services to the community has been privileged to assist in “Better Baby Contests.” And the coming for one year of Dr. Florence Kraker, Professor of Clinical Obstetrics, Woman’s Medical College of Pa., is making it possible for the hospital to offer short courses of special clinical work in obstetrics to young Chinese women doctors.

In the Fall wedding bells were rung twice in the hospital,—once for our dentist and once for our druggist. We, however, heartily entered into their joy notes because they did not rob us of these two valuable workers. They have continued their hospital work.

As we close the year we are grateful to many friends and loyal supporters and to a faithful staff that has made possible the carrying on and the increase in efficiency of the hospital. Above all are we thankful to Our Heavenly Father for His gracious mercies.

Statistics

The following statistical report is not mere figures. It stands for medical and spiritual service rendered to thousands of bodies and souls, representing thousands of homes and many Provinces of China. In our wards we have Cantonese, Fukienese, Annamese, and every other kind of “ese.” All trails in China and the Orient lead to Shanghai, and most of China seems to drift in and out of Shanghai, with some half a million or so deciding to abide a while.

Number of patients in hospital at beginning of year . 51
Number of patients admitted during the year . . . . . .2329
Total number of patients treated during the year . . . . . .2380
Number of patients in hospital at close of year . . . . . . 43
Number of Dispensary patients for year . . . . . . . . . . . 22343
The Shanghai Union School of Nursing is a continuation of the Margaret Williamson Hospital School, dating back to 1884 when Miss Elizabeth McKechnie, the first trained nurse came to China, and of the Mary Black Hospital School of Soochow, which was organized in 1909, and transferred to Shanghai in January 1921.

This new School of Nursing was registered under the Nurses' Association of China. March 1921, as The Shanghai Union School of Nursing. The school being a registered one follows the course of study prescribed by the Nurses' Association of China.

In the school there are thirty-five pupil nurses. Six Provinces are represented: Chekiang, nine; Kiangsu, sixteen; Anhwei, four; Fukien, two; Kwangtung, three; Kiangsi, one. The students' preparation work is as follows:

- Mission High School graduates: 4
- Mission High School, two years: 5
- Mission High School, one year: 4
- Government High School and Normal graduate: 1
- Government Normal, one year: 3
- High Primary, graduates: 18

Total: 35

The class room work has been done by the whole staff. The doctors have been very kind to give much of their time to teaching. One of the students joined the church last Spring. The students holding church membership are from the following Missions:

- Woman's Union Mission: 3
- Methodist Episcopal Mission, South: 5
- Methodist Episcopal Mission, North: 1
- American Baptist Mission, North: 5
- American Baptist Mission, South: 4
- Presbyterian Mission, South: 5
- Presbyterian Mission, North: 1
- Friends Mission: 2
- China Inland Mission: 3

Total: 29
Assistant Business Manager, Druggists, Laboratory Technicians, Record Clerk, Hospital Assistant and Telephone Operator
Total Church members, 29. There are six non-Christians, two of whom have been educated in Mission school and four in Government schools with no Christian teaching. The students all seem alert and eager to learn, and it is a joy to teach them.

The religious activities are as follows:

- Chapel exercises every morning, led by Foreign and Chinese Staff and visitors.
- Church service every Sunday.
- Chinese Home Missionary Society which meets once a month.
- Twilight Prayer Meeting daily which has been started by the initiative of the internes and students.

The School Motto:

"Attempt Great things for God:
Expect Great things from God."

Carey.

MARY A. HOOD R. N. Superintendent.
REPORT OF EVANGELISTIC WORK

We are called upon to stop and look backward over the year 1922. May we visualize what a group of Chinese Bible women, trained and experienced, have contributed, toward the direct evangelization of the multitudes who visit the Margaret Williamson Hospital primarily for physical relief. Carefully kept records show that these Bible women have spent over 1200 periods in the dispensary, the wards and the private rooms of the hospital.

Dispensary Work

Every method and avenue is utilized to give the Gospel, verbally and written, in a language suitable to the education or illiteracy of the hearer, and her ability to comprehend its meaning. After the Christian truths are directly presented, portions of Scripture are given to those who desire to carry them home to peruse at leisure. Voluntary requests come to us, such as,—“Can you give me something in print to help me, to teach me how to pray? Where can I learn more about how to become a believer? May I come to your place of worship? How good this book is! It helps me to understand.” The treasured book or tract is carried home to far away towns and villages, where the name of the Savior has never been heard. Thus we are given an unexcelled opportunity for disseminating Christian knowledge.

Hospital Wards

At the bedside we have heart-to-heart teaching. Scripture and hymns adapted to the mental capacity and education of the patient are used. This daily instruction continues as long as the patient remains in the Hospital,—days, weeks, and sometimes months. Here the lost ones are found and brought back from a life of sin. No one can estimate the transformation that has been wrought in many a heart.

Individual Stories.

Mrs. S’s whole outlook on life has been changed during a stay of 40 days in the hospital. She said, “The ambition I formerly had for a son is all gone. It was the consuming desire of my life. Now I love my little girl and she has become precious to me. I will educate her. After seeing the doctors, nurses, and Bible women I know what a Christian woman can do.” Similar expressions of
Steven's Surgical Ward
admiration and surprise are given by many patients. "Yes," said one, "I am educating my daughters to come here to be useful and do good in the world."

Mr. Y., a prominent business man, accompanied his wife to the hospital, to whom twin boys were born. He sat for two hours inquiring of and listening to the Evangelist as she sought this hungry one. He finally said, "What will Jesus do for me? You have opened my heart. I never before understood what the three words, 'Disciples of Jesus' meant. How will He help me?" On learning the method and spirit of prayer, he immediately resolved to break the habits of opium, wine, tobacco, and gambling; and said, "I will send word to my former friends not to ask me to join them. I have finished with that old life of sin." At his urgent request the Bible woman went to his home, and all idolatrous symbols were turned over to us as an evidence of his sincerity. He began at once to study the Bible and a hymn book. On New Year's day a new era began in this home and heart as he knelt in prayer and entered into the new life of fellowship with Jesus Christ. Mrs. Y. was in an ecstasy of joy when she saw the change in her husband. At Easter time this entire family, father, mother, the twins and an older child, were baptised.

Mrs. W's husband, a Christian and engaged in service for his country, had for years prayed with tears that his wife might become a Christian. But it was not until she came to the hospital and became absorbed in perusing our literature and was taught by the evangelists, that her heart was opened to the Savior. Her mother, constantly ministering at her bedside, caught the garments of the evangelist as she passed through the wards and said, "My daughter longs to believe in Jesus. Will you not come and teach her?" A thrill of joy unspeakable filled them both. How wonderful to find the seeking Savior! Mrs. W. opened her heart and listened to more and more of that which satisfied her deep thirst. This refined, well educated, young woman has become a bright and shining light, a reader and lover of the Bible and the delight of her husband. "Now I understand," she says, "the kneeling and tears of my husband, which for years has been such a mystery to me. Surely this is the power of God."

The servant ("amah") working in one of the wards, is a sweet, radiantly happy little woman. She came from the country to the hospital as a probationer. She has yielded her whole being to the Lord in this service of helping others. No one doubts her love for Christ, her fellowship with Him, and her sincere conversion.
Sunday Afternoon

A happy hour is spent each Sunday afternoon in the wards as a band of workers conduct a Gospel service for the patients, their relatives and friends, and other visitors.

Also there is an afternoon Sunday School for the neglected children of the neighborhood. This is conducted in the hospital dispensary waiting room.

Follow-up-work

The greatest inspiration and encouragement has come to us in the follow-up-work, where both husband and wife have manifested readiness to receive Christ. This year has brought to us a larger number of families where both husband and wife have shown their united sympathy with our endeavor to win. Hearts have responded to personal appeals. Not only have decisions to become Christians been made by many, but new ideals of Christian womanhood have also been born.

Difficulties and Faith

Barriers to the prosecution of this work are many and varied, such as the difference of dialect, the large masses of illiterate women and children, social customs of heathenism, anti-Christian relatives, and strict observance of ancestor worship for thousands of years. All these are being overcome by the power of the Spirit. It is prayer, power, and Pentecostal faith that are removing those mountains.

Seed is being sown which will bring forth a harvest in our Father's time and way. May we be willing to come into the fullest fellowship and co-operation in this God-given privilege.

Statistics

81 Meetings in wards.
1200 Periods spent in Dispensary and wards.
50 Sessions of a Sunday School for neglected children.
2000 Illustrated portions of Scripture distributed.
300 Books given or sold.
4000 Tracts given or sold.
10 Bibles and New Testaments given or sold.
5 Bible Women giving full time.
2 Bible Women giving part time.
1 Foreigner giving full time.

Follow-up-work and home visiting is also carried on.
A Group from the Nursery. Nineteen arrived over one week end.
The Drug Room

The Hospital Ambulance
## MEDICAL, SURGICAL, AND OBSTETRICAL STATISTICS

### General Diseases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>discharged</th>
<th>dead</th>
<th>total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>acidosis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anaemia, secondary</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>arthritis:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acute</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chronic</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>beri-beri</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyperthyroidism</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cancer:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bladder</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>breast</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intestines</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>liver</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uterus-cervix</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rectum</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>metastatic to arm</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cholera</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diabetes:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>insipidus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>melitus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dysentery—see intestinal parasites:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bacillary</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>undifferentiated</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>erysipelas</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dengue fever</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fever of unknown origin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gonococci infection:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bladder</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>joints</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uterus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cervix</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tubes</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vulva</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bartolin's glands</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>influenza</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malaria</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malnutrition</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>marasmus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measles</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>morphinism</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>myositis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13
opium poisoning:  
*acute* ........................................ 1  1  2  
*chronic* ..................................... 3  ..  3  
phosphorus poisoning, *acute* .................. 2  1  3  
relapsing fever  ................................ 4  ..  4  
smallpox ...................................... 1  ..  1  
scarlet fever .................................. 1  ..  1  
*syphilis* ..................................... 94  2  96  
*typhoid fever* ................................ 8  1  9  
*para typhoid* ................................ 1  ..  1  

**tuberculosis:**  
bone .......................................... 11  1  12  
breast ......................................... 1  1  2  
intestines .................................... 1  ..  1  
larynx ......................................... 1  ..  1  
miliary ....................................... ..  1  1  
meninges ..................................... 1  ..  1  
peritoneum ................................... 2  ..  2  
lungs .......................................... 33  5  38  
glands ........................................ 9  ..  9  
*psosas abscess* ................................ 1  ..  1  
Potts’ disease ................................ 2  ..  2  

**DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM**  
aneurism ..................................... 1  1  2  
cardio renal .................................. 2  3  5  
endocarditis, *acute* ......................... 3  ..  3  
mitral regurgitation ........................... 3  2  5  
mitral, stenosis ................................ 1  ..  1  
combined ..................................... 9  ..  9  
aortic regurgitation .......................... 1  1  2  
varices ....................................... 1  ..  1  
hemorrhoids .................................. 21  ..  21  
phlebitis .................................... 1  ..  1  
anthoma ..................................... 3  ..  3  
hematoma .................................... 1  1  2  
hemorrhagic of new-born ....................... 1  ..  1  
cardiac embolus ................................ .. 1  1  
cardiac failure, not otherwise diagnosed .... 2  2  2  
congenital heart disease ..................... 2  2  2  

*Not including syphilitic stillborn infants and fetuses delivered in the maternity department.*
DISEASES OF NERVOUS SYSTEM AND ORGANS OF SPECIAL SENSE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>discharged</th>
<th>dead</th>
<th>total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>congenital cyst of meninges and cerebrum</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>meningitis:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tuberculous</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simple</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>following pneumonia</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subdural abscess</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cerebral hemorrhage</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>general paralytic</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>facial paralysis (following mastoiditis)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>psychoses:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>puerperal</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>undiagnosed</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dementia praecox</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>abscess</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>abscess of eye lid</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>amblyopia, malarial</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>angioma of eye lid</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cataract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chalazion</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>conjunctivitis, acute</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>corneal opacity</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>entropion</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hernia of iris</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hypermetropia</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iritis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keratitis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>panophthalmitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>symblepharon</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>synaechia, ant.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trachoma</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pannus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ear</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auricle, dermatitis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auricle, furunculosis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>otitis media, catarrhalis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>otitis media, suppurative</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mastoiditis:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acute</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chronic</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Diseases of the Lymphatic System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Discharged</th>
<th>Dead</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elephantiasis, leg</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adenitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Diseases of the Respiratory System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Discharged</th>
<th>Dead</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nasal fossae and accessory sinuses:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polypli</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deviated septum</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hypertrophied turbinate</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhinitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethmoiditis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empyema of maxillary sinus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hypertrophied adenoids</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharynx:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pan pharyngitis, Vincent’s angina</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pan pharyngitis streptococcie</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonsillitis</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hypertrophied tonsils</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laryngitis, syphilitic</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bronchitis</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broncho-pneumonia</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumonia</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pleuritis</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abscess of lung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulmonary embolus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Diseases of the Gastro-Intestinal System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Discharged</th>
<th>Dead</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stomatitis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastritis, chemical</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastro-enteritis</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appendicitis:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppurative</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intestinal parasites</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ankylostomiasis</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ascariasis:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immediate cause</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Found concomitantly</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoebic dysentery</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fasciolopsis buski</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taenia solium</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagellate diarrhea</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
hernia:
  femoral .................................. 1 . . 1
  inguinal .................................. 1 . . 1
  vaginal .................................. 1 . . 1
  cirrhosis of liver ....................... 1 . . 1
  ascites of unknown origin ............. 1 . . 1
  sub peritoneal abscess ................. . 1 1
  peritonitis (puerperal sepsis) ......... . 1 1
  constipation ................................ 6 . . 6
  obstipation ................................ 1 . . 1
  obstruction of bowel .................... . 1 1
  fistula in ano ............................ 6 . . 6
  polyp in rectum ........................... 1 . . 1
  prolapse of rectum ...................... 1 . . 1
  ischio-rectal abscess ................... 4 . . 4

Non Venereal Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Tract and Adnexa

  nephritis .................................. 22 2 24
  uremia ..................................... 2 1 3
  neoplasm of kidney ...................... 1 . . 1
  pyo nephritis ............................. 1 . . 1
  surgical kidney ......................... 1 . . 1
  retention of urine (non pregnant) .... 3 . . 3
  cystic calculus ........................... 2 . . 2
  cystitis ................................... 9 . . 9
  urinary fistula ........................... 2 . . 2
  urethritis ................................ 1 . . 1
  urethral caruncle ....................... 1 . . 1
  vulvitis .................................. 2 . . 2
  cervix uteri:
    erosion .................................. 3 . . 3
    hypertrophy ............................. 1 . . 1
    laceration ................................ 5 . . 5
    polyp ................................... 3 . . 3
    endometritis ............................ 8 . . 8
  mal position of uterus:
    procedenture ................................ 1 . . 1
    retroversion ................................ 1 . . 1

  neoplasms of uterus:
    fibroma .................................. 7 . . 7
    polyp .................................... 2 . . 2
    see cancer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>disease</th>
<th>discharged</th>
<th>dead</th>
<th>total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>discharging</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hernia:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>femoral</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inguinal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vaginal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cirrhosis of liver</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ascites of unknown origin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sub peritoneal abscess</td>
<td>. 1 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>peritonitis (puerperal sepsis)</td>
<td>. 1 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>constipation</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>obstipation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>obstruction of bowel</td>
<td>. 1 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fistula in ano</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>polyp in rectum</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>prolapse of rectum</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ischio-rectal abscess</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nephritis</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uremia</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>neoplasm of kidney</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pyo nephritis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>surgical kidney</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>retention of urine (non pregnant)</td>
<td>3 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cystic calculus</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cystitis</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urinary fistula</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urethritis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urethral caruncle</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vulvitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| cervix uteri:
  erosion                      | 3          | .    | 3    |
  hypertrophy                 | 1          | .    | 1    |
  laceration                 | 5          | .    | 5    |
  polyp                      | 3          | .    | 3    |
  endometritis              | 8          | .    | 8    |
  mal position of uterus:
    procedenture               | 1          | .    | 1    |
    retroversion              | 1          | .    | 1    |
  neoplasms of uterus:
    fibroma                   | 7          | .    | 7    |
    polyp                     | 2          | .    | 2    |
    see cancer
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>discharged</th>
<th>dead</th>
<th>total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>perineum:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>laceration</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pedunculated tumor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cystocele</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>enuresis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>phimosis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oophoritis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>salpingitis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ovarian cyst</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ectopic gestation</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydatid mole</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>abortion:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>incomplete</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sequellae of</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>threatened</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>breast:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>abscess</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>benign tumor</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tumor undiagnosed microscopically</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>see cancer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Neoplasms Other Than Above Noted</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fibroma:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cheek</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iliac foasa</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>internal oblique</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Injuries</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>burns</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contusion</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>dislocation:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coccyx</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>foot</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hip</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shoulder</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>self inflicted wound of neck and trachea</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unhealed abdominal wound</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>needle in back</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Abnormalities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cleft palate</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hare lip</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>supernumerary digit</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>congenital atresia of vagina</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>imperforate or absent anus</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin, Nails and Subcutaneous Tissues</td>
<td>discharged</td>
<td>dead</td>
<td>total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eczema</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dermatitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carbuncle</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chillblain</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>furunculosis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scabies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chancroid</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>keloid</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cellulitis</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pruritus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ingrowing toe nail</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ulcer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>leg</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thigh</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Miscellaneous**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pregnancy:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>minios disorders of</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pre eclampsia</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intestinal obstruction complicating</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>retention of urine in</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>puerperal sepsis (delivered outside)</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*undiagnosed</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Obstetrical Conditions**

| L. O. A.                             |            |      | 480   |
| R. O. A.                             |            |      | 177   |
| R. O. P.                             |            |      | 17    |
| L. O. P.                             |            |      | 4     |
| Breech                               |            |      | 41    |
| Transverse                           |            |      | 39    |
| Face                                 |            |      | 2     |
| Vertex, not otherwise diagnosed      |            |      | 43    |
| Twin pregnancies                     |            |      | 15    |
| Placenta Praevia                     | 10         | 4    | 14    |
| Eclampsia                            | 9          | 1    | 10    |
| Post Partum Hemorrhage (severe)      | 7          | 2    | 9     |
| †Severe Puerperal Sepsis             | 16         | 2    | 18    |
| Abortion                             | 8          | 1    | 9     |

*Of these thirteen were in the hospital less than twelve hours.
†Of these, 16 admitted having had vaginal examinations by midwives before entering the hospital, and the histories of the other two were doubtful.
Obstetrical Operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Discharged</th>
<th>Dead</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low Forceps</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid Forceps</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Forceps</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breech Extraction</td>
<td>38</td>
<td></td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version and Extraction</td>
<td>51</td>
<td></td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Craniotomy</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embryotomy</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caesarean Section</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Infant Anomalies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anomaly</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocephalus</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anencephalus</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imperforate Anus</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

159 patients had had the attendance of midwives before coming into the hospital. The majority of operations were necessary because of neglect or maltreatment by midwives.

A considerable number of patients, who were admitted in serious condition (some in extremis) refused to remain after delivery, and not a few in bad condition from sepsis, kidney, cardiac or other serious complications, were taken home just before death. So, it is felt that the end results as above shown are inaccurate.

Of the 126 stillborn infants:

- 78 mothers had been neglected or maltreated by midwives
- 11 syphilitic
- 3 transverse with prolapsed arms
- 2 breech extraction
- 4 twins
- 8 premature
- 2 hydrocephalic
- 1 anencephalic
- 3 prolapsed cord
- 4 placenta praevia
- 3 children of eclamptic mothers
- 2 mothers had severe gastro-intestinal disturbances
- 1 premature separation of placenta
- 4 causes of death unknown

Of the craniotomies:

- 2 hydrocephalic
- 1 placenta praevia
- 8 necessitated by previous treatment by midwives.
## Operation 1922

### Head
- Repair of scalp wound: 1
- Extraction of sequestrom from supra orbital ridge: 1

### Eye
- Ziegler's operation for entropion: 8
- Corelysis: 1
- Excision of angioma of lower lid: 1
- Discission of soft cataract: 2
- Grattage for trachoma: 4
- Kuhn-Heisrath for trachoma: 1
- Iridectomy: 3
- Peridectomy: 1
- Separation dissection ant. symblepharon: 1
- Incision of lacrimal duct, removal of chalyzion: 1

### Jaw
- Curetting sinus and extraction of tooth: 1
- Incision and drainage of sub maxillary abscess: 2

### Mouth and Neck
- Excision of fibroid tumor of cheek: 1
- Repair of hare lip: 3
- Removal of keloid of neck: 1
- Repair of self inflicted wound of neck and trachea: 1
- Excision of cervical glands: 2
- Mastoid:
  - Simple: 8
  - Radical: 2
- Excision of mixed tumor of parotid gland: 1

### Nose
- Antrum of Hymore, Ballenger-Canfield: 1
- Ethmoid exenteration: 1
- Removal of polypi: 2
- Submucous resection: 2
- Turbinectomy: 3

### Throat
- Adenoidectomy alone: 7
- Tonsillectomy, alone: 4
- Combined: 18
- Removal of adhesions of eustachian tube: 1
### ABDOMEN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abscess, wall (incision and drainage)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inguinal region</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appendiceal</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appendectomy</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cesarean section</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colostomy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hernia</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exploratory laparotomy</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### INGUINAL REGION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excision sack of femoral hernia</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision fibroma of internal oblique muscle</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BACK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Incision and drainage Psoas abscess</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### GENITO-URINARY AND PERINEUM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suprapubic lithotomy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hysterectomy</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Removal of ovarian cyst, salpingo-oophorectomy</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Removal of ovarian cyst, ectopic gestation, salpingo-oophorectomy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision uterine polyp</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision uterine polyp, submucous fibroid, pedunculated</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision uterine cervix</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision cervical polyp</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision urethral caruncle</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision venereal warts of vulva</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excision pedunculated tumor, labium majoris</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trachelorrhaphy</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anterior colporrhaphy</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perineorrhaphy</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dilatation and curettment:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incomplete abortion</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sterility, endometritis</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Induced abortion:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxemia of pregnancy</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intestinal obstruction</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual removal of retained placenta (delivered at home)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incision and drainage vulvo-vaginal abscess</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circumcision</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RECTUM AND ANUS
excision or incision and curettment of fistulae in ano 8
removal of hemorrhoids 21
curettment of ischio-rectal abscess 4
excision rectal polyp 1
resection of rectum 5
plastic, imperforate anus 1

THORACIC WALL
breast abscess, incision and drainage 3
breast amputation 7
curettment tuberculous abscess of axilla 2
excision benign tumor, breast 1

Extremities
LOWER
amputation first phalanx, toe 1
abscess thigh, incision and drainage 2
curettment tuberculous sinus, thigh 4, leg 2 6
excision fibroma, leg 1
extraction in-growing toe nail 1
extraction tuberculous bones of foot 1

UPPER
incision and drainage abscess, arm 1, thumb 1 2
extraction finger nail 1
extraction tuberculous bones of wrist 1
excision angioma, arm 2
amputation supernumerary digit 1

INGECTIONS NEO ARSENO-BENZOL 68

Clinics 1922.
Dental, medical and surgical clinics were held daily except Sunday; ear, nose and throat clinic and eye clinic, three times a week; the gynecological, twice a week, and the pre-and post-natal once a week.
The eye clinic, as such, was not opened until November; before which time the eye cases were cared for in the medical clinic. The pre-and post-natal clinic also was not opened until November.
The total number of tickets sold for all clinics was 22343
The attendance on the various clinics was as follows:
Ear, nose, throat 1465
Minor operations, as removal of aural and nasal polypi, foreign body extraction, incision of tympanic membrane, and furuncles 81
Eye (two months) ........................................ 225
Gynecological ........................................ 1548
Medical .................................................. 4773
Pre-and Post-Natal
(two months) ........................................ 78
Surgical .................................................. 14567
Minor operations, opening abscesses, reduction of fractures and dislocations, care of minor accidents, etc. .... 1146

133 vaccinations were done on those who came from outside the hospital.

Report of Dental Department of Hospital

The dental department was established in December 1921.

During the first few months there were very few patients. The total number of patients to December 31, 1922, was about two hundred. This number does not include resident patients, referred from the wards, nor those referred from other clinics. These numbered many more. Many of the hospital staff were also treated.

Among the various kinds of work done, extraction comes first in numbers.

Fillings have been done. A few plates have been made. Because of lack of facilities no bridges nor crowns have been made. Many of the patients, referred from other clinics, were unwilling to have any work at all, and others would consent to nothing but extraction.

Laboratory Report.

No regular technician was employed until October 15th. Before that time the doctors did such laboratory work as was possible on the cases in their departments and no exact records were kept. Routine urinalysis was done by the nurses.


Urine examinations .................................. 426
Feces examinations .................................. 174
Blood examinations of various kinds ................. 91
Smears, including sputum, vaginal, eyes, etc. ........ 47

Total .................................................. 738
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would gratefully acknowledge and give hearty thanks for the following gifts:

Mexican

Mrs. Luther Freeman, Shanghai, ..................... $ 7.00
Mr. Horace Gulick, Shanghai, .......................... 100.00
Miss Margurite Clark, Shanghai, ........................ 15.00
Mr. George Sinnecker, Shanghai, ........................ 50.00
Mrs. George Sinnecker, Shanghai, ........................ 10.00
Mr. K. W. Chang, St Paul's School, 54 Ta Kih Road, West Gate, Shanghai, ..................... 50.00
Community Church Sunday School, for Christmas 43.00
Mrs. Hau Tsoen Nyok, Pau San Loo, Shanghai 50.00
Mrs. Tsu, Sinza, Pang Pok, Hai Tsang Road, Shanghai ........................ 10.00
Miss McCoy, Nanking ................................. 4.00
Mr. James Dzung, Margaret Williamson Hospital 10.00
Mrs. Zia, Lau Lah Si Jau, Shanghai .................. 30.00
Mrs. Tsang, Siceawei, Shan Yen Li, 83, Shanghai 2.50
Mrs. Wang, North Szechuen Road, Shanghai .......... 2.00
Mr. Wang Dah Tseu, Hongkew, Tsoong Hong Jau Sin Ku Pang Road, Pau Woo Li, 1315, Shanghai, ..................... 115.00
Anonymous, ................................................. 5.00
Pupils of McTyeire Primary School, 4 Thibet Rd, Daily Vacation Bible School, Centenary Institute, Nashville, Tenn. ................................. 5.00
Dr. Way Sung New, Shanghai, .......................... 50.00
Miss Lila Turner, Phila., P. (Gold) $ 50.00

Milk from American Products Co.
Milk from Libby, McNeill & Libby
Two porcelain seats from Mr. Nyien Zong Tseu, Sin Poh Mun, Shanghai
Medicines from Burrows and Welcome & Co.
Picture for children's ward from anonymous giver
Making of hospital garments and bandages by Ladies Auxiliary of the Community Church, Shanghai
Picture cards and pictures from:

Mrs. H. K. Woods, Marion, Ky.
Junior Missionary Society, Kosciusko, Miss.
Mrs. L. W. McFadden, Kansas City, Kansas.
And others.

Flowers, bottles, etc. from local friends.

Hospital Supplies from:

Rocky Mt. Section of White Cross Society, through Mrs. Thos. B. Garrett, 3832 Clay St., Denver, Colo.
Woman's Guild, Calvary Church, Province, R. I.
Woman's Missionary Society, First Baptist Church, Pawtucket, R. I.
Ladies Sewing Society, Baptist Church, Warren, Rhode Island.
Miss Ida P. Whitecomb, Hotel Montague, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Morristown N. J. Auxiliary W. U. M. S.
Mrs. S. E. Stimson, 214 West 25th St., Cheyenne, Wyoming.
Financial Statement of the Margaret Williamson Hospital  
for the year ending December 31, 1922

**Receipts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Patients' fees:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In-patients</td>
<td>$24,493.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-patients</td>
<td>$3,035.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign</td>
<td>$224.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>$279.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of Drugs</td>
<td>$4,825.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>$88.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sundries</td>
<td>$1,145.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nurses' Tuition</td>
<td>$400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Receipts for the year</td>
<td>$34,492.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Expenditures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office expenses, inc. telephone</td>
<td>$592.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese Salaries and Wages</td>
<td>$9,187.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical and Surgical Supplies</td>
<td>$4,023.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Expenses:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provisions</td>
<td>$7,757.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel, light, water</td>
<td>$2,441.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laundry</td>
<td>$513.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>$1,384.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$12,096.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Establishment:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewals and Repairs</td>
<td>$2,811.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>$189.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$3,001.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing, stationery</td>
<td>$320.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent and taxes</td>
<td>$66.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sundries</td>
<td>$851.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$1,246.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Expenditures,—i.e. additions to permanent plant or equipment</td>
<td>$1,053.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Expenditures for the year</td>
<td>$31,201.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance for the year</td>
<td>$3,290.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$34,492.39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Balance forward from 1921... $1,444.30
Above balance for 1922 .... 3,290.89

Balance carried to 1923 .... $4,735.19

Audited and certified correct

THOMAS D. BEGG

Shanghai, 26 June, 1923.